

Monitoraggio vulcanico globale dallo spazio / *Global volcano monitoring from space*

Obiettivi della Ricerca/*Research targets:*

Sviluppo ed applicazione in tempo reale di tecniche di monitoraggio satellitare su scala globale

Development and real-time application of satellite monitoring techniques/systems on active volcanoes.

Componenti/*Members:*

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Settore ERC/*ERC sector:*

PE10_15 Earth observations from space/remote sensing

PE10_5 Geology, tectonics, Volcanology

SH3_12 Geo-information and spatial data analysis

Attività di ricerca/*Research activity:*

I dati satellitari sono una fonte unica di informazioni, utili in particolare per il monitoraggio di vulcani attivi, o potenzialmente attivi, che ancora mancano di strumenti convenzionali a terra (> 700). Anche nei vulcani ben monitorati come l'Etna e Stromboli, i dati satellitari offrono una visione sinottica dei fenomeni di eruzione che possono colmare le lacune lasciate dagli strumenti a terra. L'attività di ricerca consiste nello sviluppo di sistemi di monitoraggio satellitare di attività vulcanica, applicabili in ogni contesto e su scala globale. Il sistema MIROVA (www.mirovaweb.it) attualmente monitora

più di 200 vulcani in tutto il mondo, e fornisce informazioni sul flusso termico prodotto dall'attività vulcanica a più di 15 osservatori vulcanologici nel mondo. Oltre al monitoraggio in tempo reale le principali linee di ricerca includono:

- rilevamento di unrest vulcanico e precursori di eruzioni maggiori
- previsione di inizio/fine attività vulcanica ed analisi di trends

Satellite data is a unique source of information, extremely useful for monitoring the large number of potentially active volcanoes that still lack conventional ground-based instruments (> 700). Even in well-monitored volcanoes such as Etna and Stromboli, satellite data offer a synoptic view of eruption phenomena that can fill the gaps left by ground instruments. The research activity consists in the development of satellite monitoring systems of volcanic activity, applicable in every context and on a global scale. The MIROVA system (www.mirovaweb.it) currently monitors over 200 volcanoes and provides information, in real time, on the thermal flow produced by the volcanic activity to more than 15 volcanological observatories in the world. In addition to real-time monitoring, the main research lines include:

- *detection of volcanic unrest and major eruption precursors*
- *forecast of beginning / end of volcanic activity and analysis of trends*

The screenshot shows the MIROVA web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for MIROVA, VOLCANOES, NRT, COUNTRIES, LATEST MEASURES, G-MAP, ABOUT, and CREDITS, along with a search bar. Below the navigation bar are logos for MIROVA, Università degli Studi di Torino, Università degli Studi di Firenze, and Dipartimento di Scienze della Terra. The main content area is divided into two panels:

Near Real Time Volcanic HotSpot Detection System

This panel features a satellite map of the world with numerous white and yellow pins indicating volcanic hotspots. The map is titled "Mappa" and "Satellite".

Latest HotSpots

ID	COUNTRY	NAME	POWER (MW)	DATE
342090	Guatemala	Fuego	1525	2018-11-19 16:20
350090	United Kingdom	Michael	3	2018-11-19 15:45
262000	Indonesia	Krakatau	117	2018-11-19 15:35
257100	Vanuatu	Yasur	31	2018-11-19 13:40
221080	Ethiopia	Ertà Ale	70	2018-11-19 11:10
341090	Mexico	Popocatepalt	2	2018-11-19 08:35

Below the table is a "Volcanic Radiative Power Scale" with buttons for NONE, 1 MW, 10 MW, 100 MW, 1 GW, and 10 GW.

Parole chiave/Keywords:

Satellite, Monitoraggio vulcanico, anomalie termiche, MIROVA

Satellites, volcano monitoring, thermal anomalies, MIROVA

Collaborazioni/Collaborations:

- DST-Firenze - Dipartimento Scienze della Terra – Università di Firenze (Italy)
- IMO - Icelandic Meteorological Office (Iceland)
- SERNAGEOMIN – Servicio Nacional de Geología y Minería (Chile)
- VMGD – Vanuatu Meteorology and Geohazards Department (Vanuatu)
- INSIVUMEH – Instituto Nacional de Sismología, Vulcanología, Meteorología e Hidrología (Guatemala)
- USGS-VDAP – U.S. Geological Survey, Volcano Disaster Assistance Program (USA)
- SGC – Servicio Geológico Colombiano (Colombia)
- UNSA – Universidad Nacional de San Agustine de Arequipa (Perú)
- GVO - Goma Volcano Observatory (Democratic Republic of Congo)
- IGEPN – Instituto Geofísico – Escuela Politécnica Nacional (Ecuador)
- INGEMMET – Instituto Geológico, Minero y Metalúrgico (Perú)
- IPGP – Institute du Phisque du Globe de Paris (France)
- RVO – Rabaul Volcano Observatory (Papua New Guinea)
- KNMI - Royal Netherlands Meteorological Institute (Netherlands)
- UCOL – Universidad de Colima (Mexico)
- IGP – Instituto Geofísico del Perú (Perú)
- CVGHM - Center for Volcanology and Geological Hazard Mitigation
- GFZ – Deutsches GeoForschungs Zentrum (Germany)
- Cornell University (USA)

Prodotti della ricerca/Research Products:

Coppola, D., Laiolo, M., Cigolini, C., Massimetti, F., Ripepe, M., Barsotti, S., Bucaray, C., Centeno, R.G., Cevuard, S., Chigna, G., Garaebiti, E., Griswold, J., Lara, L., López, C.M., Macedo, O., Mahinda, C., Ogburn, S., Ramon, P., Ramos, D., Peltier, A., Saunders, S., Van Dalssen, E., Varley, N., William R., (In Prep). *Thermal remote sensing for global volcano monitoring: Experiences from the MIROVA system*. In: “The Impact of Open Science for Evaluation of Volcanic Hazards”, Trasatti, E., Parks, M., Costa F., Eds. *Frontiers in Volcanology (In prep.)*

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